

### 150 mA, high input voltage LDO Linear Regulators EC6208 Series

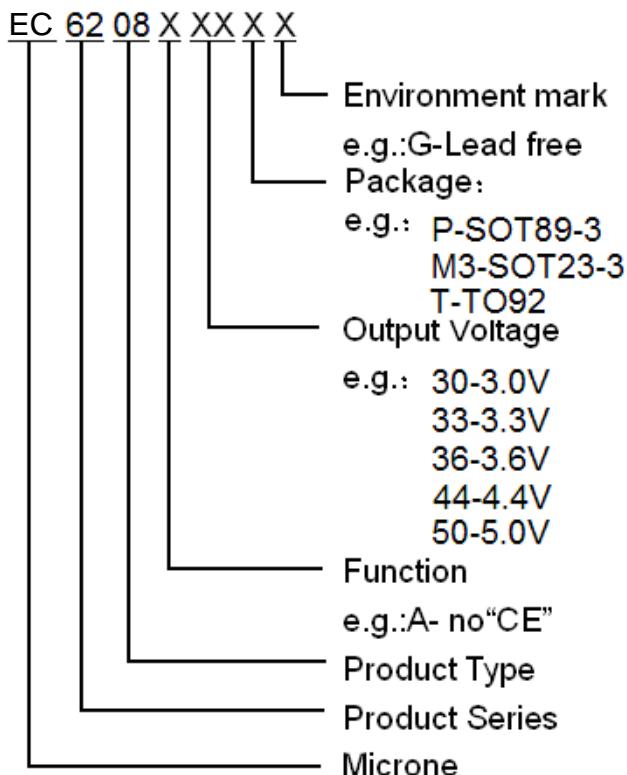
#### General Description

EC6208 series are low-dropout linear voltage regulators with a built-in voltage reference module, error correction module and phase compensation module. EC6208 series are based on the CMOS process and allow high voltage input with low quiescent current. This series has the function of internal feedback resistor setting from 3.0V to 5.0V. The output accuracy is  $\pm 2\%$ .

#### Features

- High output accuracy:  $\pm 2\%$
- Input voltage: up to 18 V
- Output voltage: 3.0 V ~ 5.0V
- Ultra-low quiescent current (Typ. = 3  $\mu$  A)
- Output Current: I<sub>out</sub> = 200mA  
(When Vin = 7V and Vout = 5V)
- Importation good stability: Typ. 0.05% / V
- Low temperature coefficient
- Ceramic capacitor can be used
- Package: SOT89-3、SOT23-3、TO92

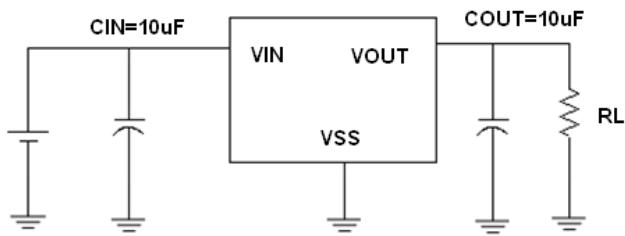
#### Selection Guide



#### Typical Application

- Electronic weighbridge
- SCM
- Phones, cordless phones
- Security Products
- Water meters, power meters

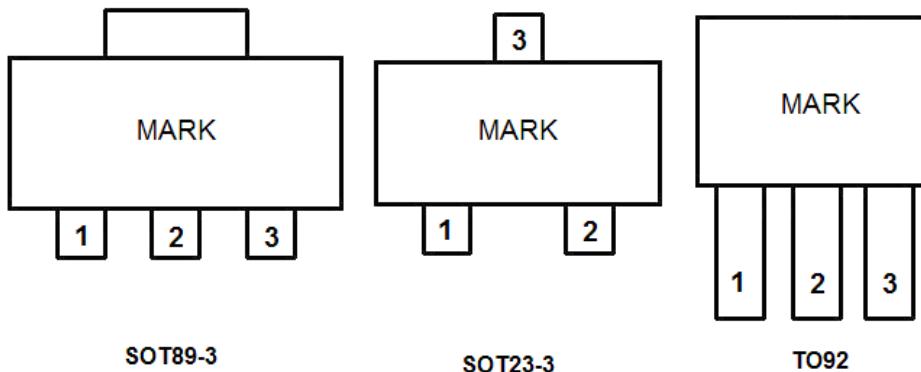
#### Typical Application Circuit



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EC6208

## Pin Configuration



## Pin Assignment

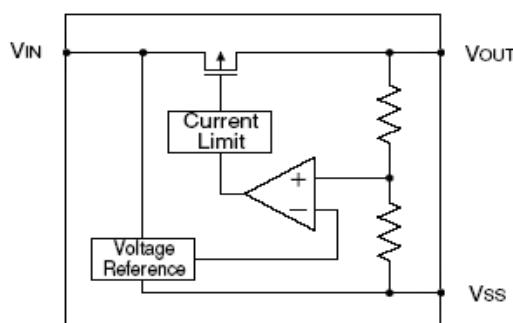
EC6208AXX

Pin Number		Pin Name	Functions
SOT89-3 / TO92	SOT23-3		
1	1	V <sub>ss</sub>	Ground
2	3	V <sub>IN</sub>	Power Input
3	2	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Units
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	18	V
Output Current	I <sub>OUT</sub>	250	mA
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>ss</sub> -0.3~V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3	V
Power Dissipation	SOT89-3	500	mW
	TO92	500	mW
	SOT23-3	300	mW
Operating Temperature Range	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-45~+150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55~+140	°C
Lead Temperature		260°C, 10sec	

## Block Diagram



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## Electrical Characteristics

EC6208A

( $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 2.0V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_L = 10\mu F$ ,  $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}(E)$ (Note 2)	$I_{OUT} = 40mA$ , $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 2V$	X 0.98	$V_{OUT}(T)$ (Note 1)	X 1.02	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				18	V
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\_max}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 2V$	150			mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 2V$ , $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 100mA$		10		mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{dif1}$	$I_{OUT} = 50mA$		250		mV
	$V_{dif2}$	$I_{OUT} = 100mA$		500		mV
	$V_{dif3}$	$I_{OUT} = 200mA$		1000		mV
Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 2V$		3		$\mu A$
Line Regulations	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT} = 40mA$ $V_{OUT} + 2V \leq V_{IN} \leq 18V$		0.05		%/V

Note :

1.  $V_{OUT}(T)$  : Specified Output Voltage

2.  $V_{OUT}(E)$  : Effective Output Voltage ( ie. The output voltage when " $V_{OUT}(T) + 2.0V$ " is provided at the  $V_{IN}$  pin while maintaining a certain  $I_{OUT}$  value.)

3.  $V_{DIF}$ :  $V_{IN1} - V_{OUT}(E)'$

$V_{IN1}$  : The input voltage when  $V_{OUT}(E)'$  appears as input voltage is gradually decreased.

$V_{OUT}(E)'$  = A voltage equal to 98% of the output voltage whenever an amply stabilized  $I_{OUT}$  and  $\{V_{OUT}(T) + 2.0V\}$  is input.

## Precautions

- During the test, if AC/DC power supply and the ceramic chip capacitors collocation is used, there may be serious voltage spike phenomenon instantaneously. When the power supply access to 16V, the voltage is rushed to about 30V instantaneously. Because of exceeding the limit voltage of chip, the chip is damaged. If you string a small resistance of 1 ohm in the input end during the test, the peak phenomenon can be avoided.
- In the test, there is serious burr phenomenon only when the AC/DC power is used with ceramic chip capacitors. But electrolytic capacitors and tantalum capacitance won't appear above phenomenon. Please be sure to pay attention to this point when you use AC/DC power.
- In normal use, when any type of capacitor is used with battery or the supply of fire power, the above phenomenon doesn't occur.

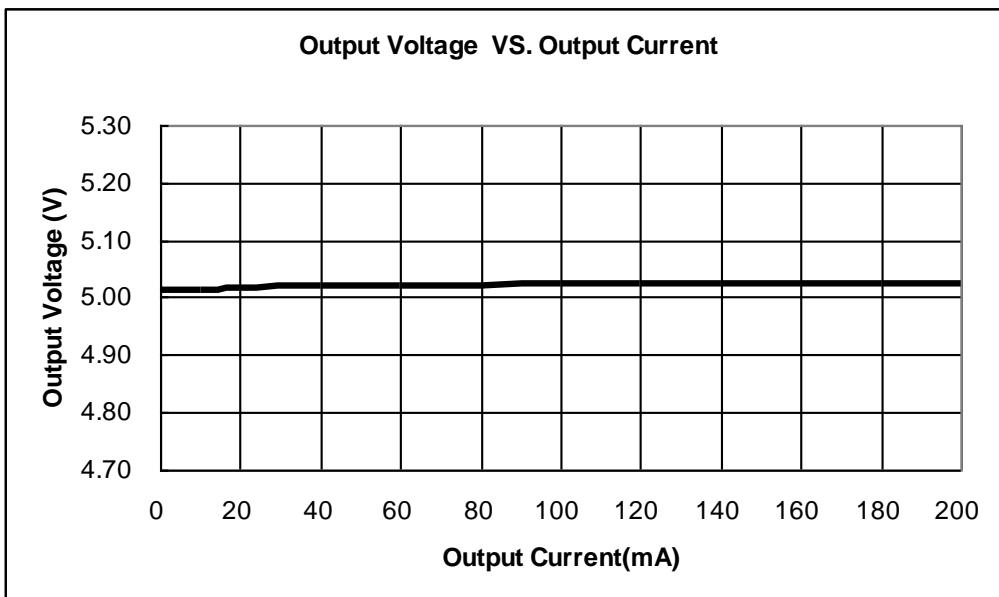
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EC6208

## Type Characteristics

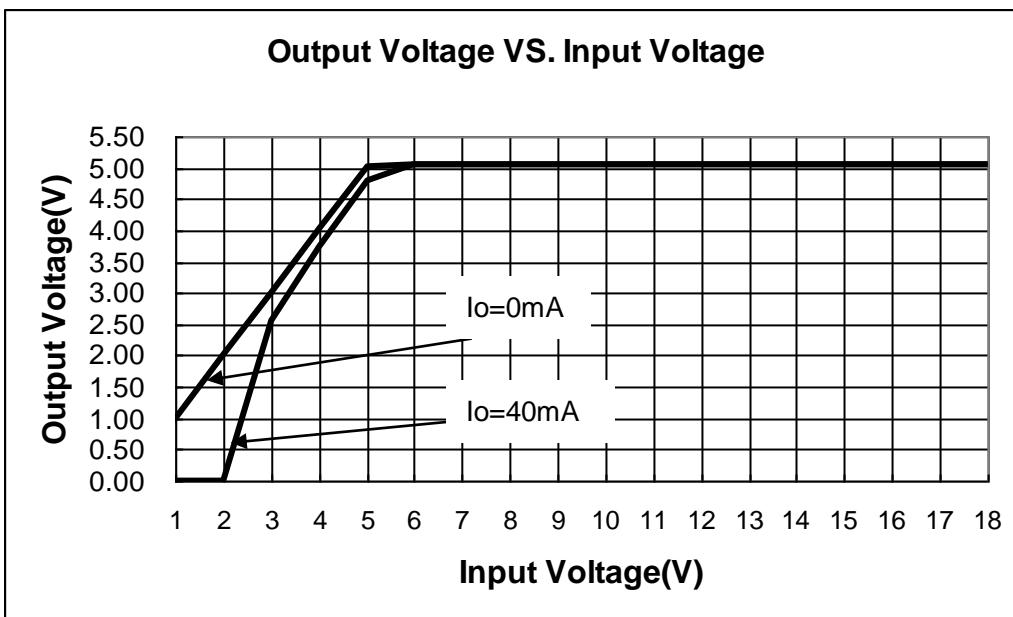
(1) Output Current VS. Output Voltage ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

EC6208A50



(2) Input Voltage VS. Output Voltage ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

EC6208A50

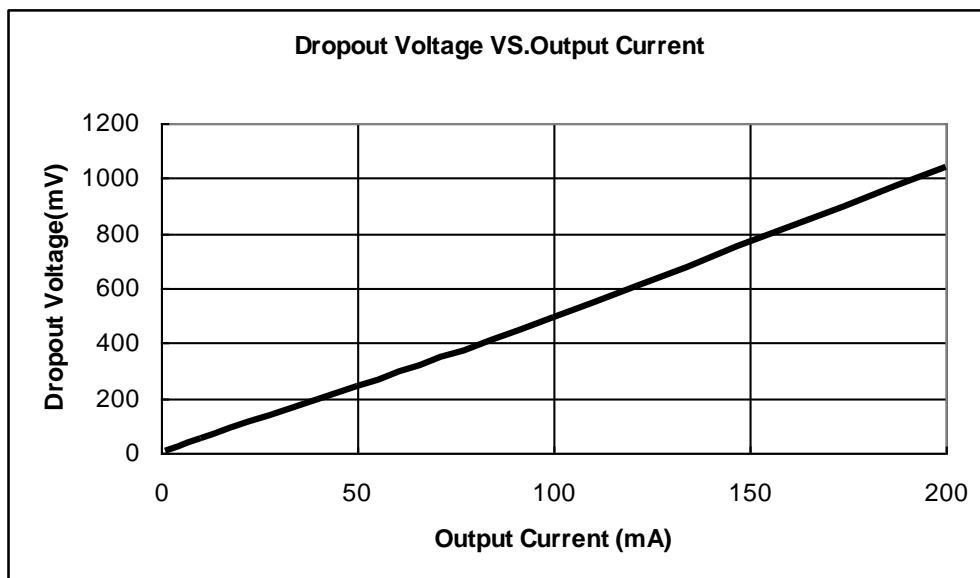


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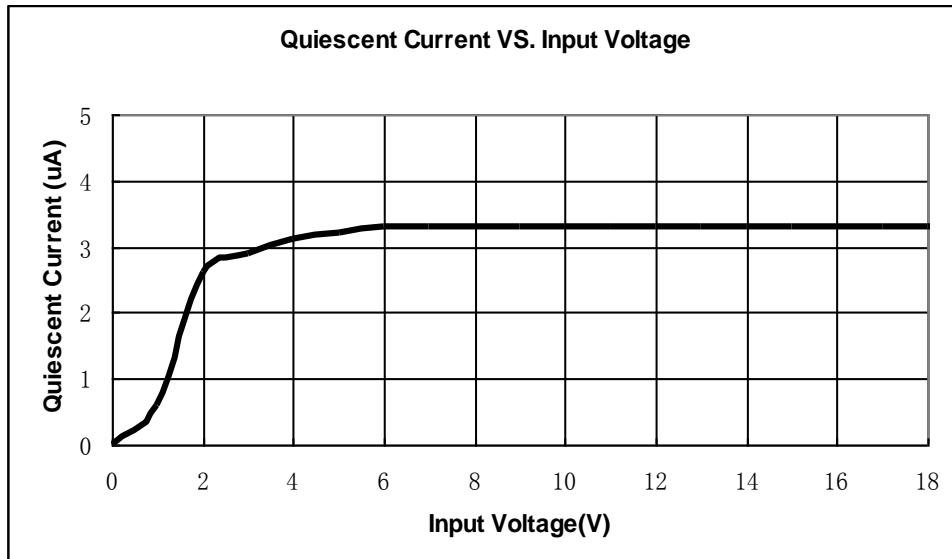
(3) Output Current VS.Dropdown Voltage (**T<sub>a</sub> = 25 °C**)

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(4) Input Voltage VS. Supply Current (**T<sub>a</sub> = 25 °C**)

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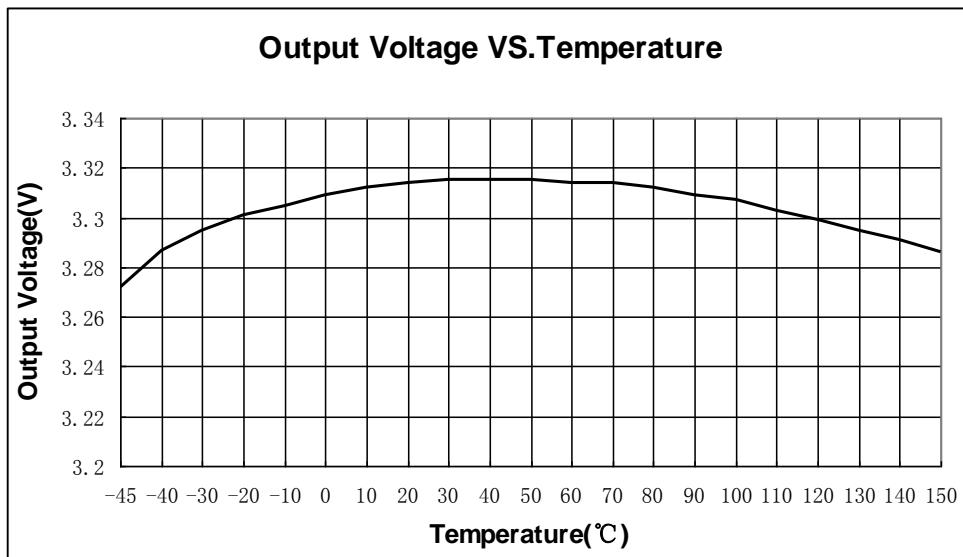


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(5) Output Voltage VS. Temperature

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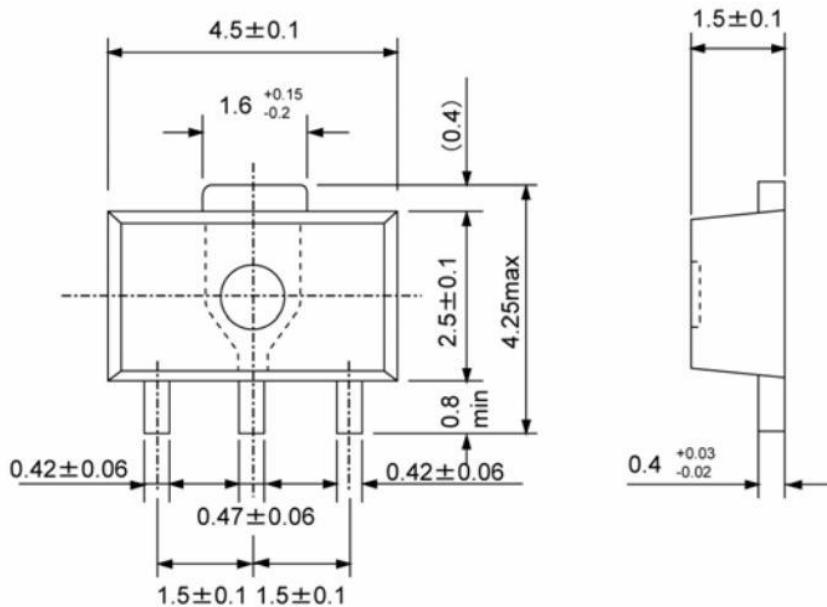


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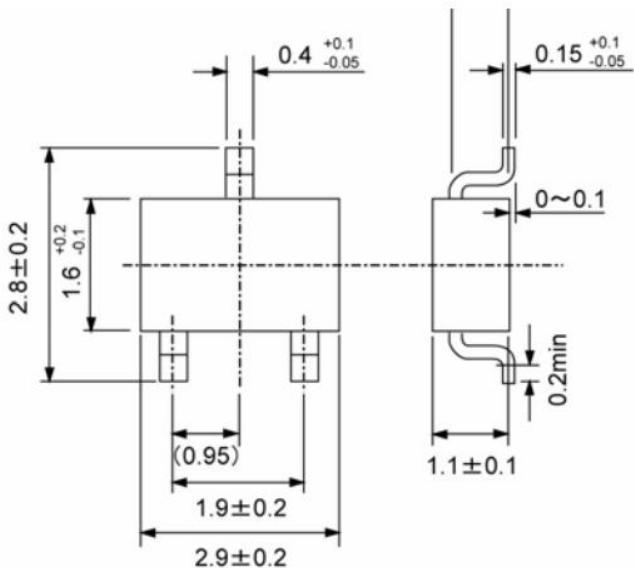
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## Packaging Information

### ● SOT89-3



### ● SOT23-3



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## ● TO-92

